

FINANCIAL INFRASTRUCTURE OF BRICS Clear

THE BRICS INTERSTATE DIGITAL SETTLEMENT SYSTEM – PLATFORM or BRICS Clear

AN INDEPENDENT CROSS-BORDER SETTLEMENT SYSTEM TO CREATE A HIGH-TECH FINANCIAL INFRASTRUCTURE THAT WILL DEVELOP DOMESTIC CAPITAL MARKETS TO STIMULATE GROWTH AND STRENGTHEN THE FINANCIAL STABILITY OF THE BRICS COUNTRIES ECONOMIES



PLATFORM ADVANTAGES

01

Access to all participants' markets through a single window

04

High level of integrity and identity of information

02

Eliminating the need to select the applicable law of any party

05

The immunity and risk segregation mechanism will protect assets

03

Absence of institutionalised structure and personal risks for the management, resulting in mitigated risks associated with restrictive measures

06

Maintaining national depository systems, i.e. an evolutionary rather than revolutionary course of development

07

Increasing the speed of settlement and reducing the cost for building and maintaining correspondent relationships

PLATFORM REGULATION

SUPRANATIONAL MULTILATERAL AGREEMENT

- the procedure for contributing to the creation, financing and operation of the Platform
- legal status, composition and powers of the Steering Committee as an organisational unit

- status of the Platform in the states that have acceded the Agreement, immunities of the Platform, as well as privileges of the Platform members
- interaction between Platform members, including accession of new members

- procedure for setting out rules, standards and formats for information exchange within the Platform
- rules of amendments
- arbitration, which is a well-defined mechanism for resolving disputes and conflict situations



STEERING COMMITTEE

(Central banks and/or financial regulators and Platform Operators)

FUNCTIONS:

- Initiating amendments to the Agreement
- 2. Establishing rules and standards
- 3. Formation of an arbitration committee
- 4. Maintaining a register of users



DISTRIBUTED LEDGER TECHNOLOGY PLATFORM



Tokens, smart acontracts transferring title to securities



PLATFORM OPERATORS, PARTICIPANTS

Central Banks

Central Securities Depositories* of BRICS signatories to the Agreement



Central Banks and Central Securities Depositories of non-BRICS countries that have acceded to the Agreement



LOCAL LEGISLATION

PLATFORM USERS

Depositories, banks, financial companies and other entities within the framework of national legislation that have access to the Platform through participants

^{*} or a national depository designated by the member state, in the absence of a central securities depository

PLATFORM ACTORS

STEERING COMMITTEE

representatives



WORKING GROUPS

- * or a national depository designated by the member state, in the absence of a central securities
- ** initially, central securities depositories or national depositaries designated by the member state

depository

OPERATORS

operation, including technology and implementation of rules**

PARTICIPANTS

securing the transfer of securities**

DIRECT

BRICS member states that have acceded the Agreement

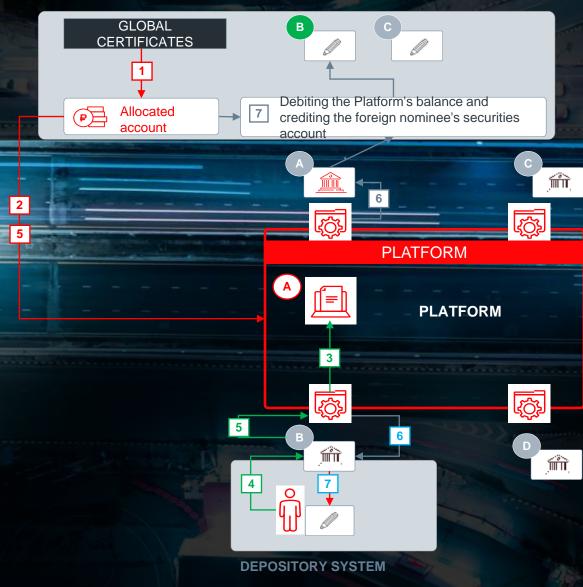
ASSOCIATED non-BRICS

member states that have acceded to the Agreement

USERS initiating transactions through the PARTICIPANT

CROSS-BORDER SECURITIES TRANSFER SCHEME

DEPOSITORY SYSTEM OF THE ISSUER'S COUNTRY



STEP 1. AT THE NATIONAL LEVEL: the CSD of the issuer's country places resolutions authorising issuance / global certificates in an allocated account for safekeeping.

STEP 2. AT THE PLATFORM LEVEL: the CSD of the issuer's country initiates the recording (creation) of the smart contract for the security issue. The smart contract ensures: informing Platform Participants about the characteristics of a security available for record-keeping in a foreign jurisdiction by a member state's CSD; assigning a unique identification code sufficient for further transactions in the asset in case the security is not assigned an ISIN code.

STEP 3. AT THE PLATFORM LEVEL: the receiving depository initiates a smart contract giving rise to the acceptance of the security for servicing in the relevant jurisdiction.

STEP 4. AT THE NATIONAL LEVEL: the issuer initiates the transfer of the security to the account of a client of the receiving country by submitting an instruction (order) to the CSD of the issuer's country.

STEP 5. AT THE PLATFORM LEVEL: the CSD of the issuer's country initiates a transaction to transfer the security for record keeping by the other party by invoking a smart contract.

STEP 6. AT THE PLATFORM LEVEL: the CSDs of the receiving country and the issuer's country are notified of the executed part of the smart contract related to the transfer of the security.

STEP 7. AT THE NATIONAL LEVEL: the CSDs of the receiving country and the issuer's country record the outcome of a smart contract in a traditional system. For that, the traditional framework uses securities accounts similar to (and along with) traditional accounts with the attribute that the securities account is linked to the Platform

WORK PLAN 2025

GOAL

To discuss and explore further the possibility of establishing an independent cross-border settlement and depository infrastructure BRICS Clear, an initiative that complements the existing financial market infrastructure

WHAT WE WILL DO:

- Further promotion of the initiative within the framework of the BRICS Business Council, attracting new participants
- Improving the Platform model, taking into account the national characteristics of the participating countries and the test results obtained
- Transferring the functionality of the prototype Platform to the new blockchain technology
- Development of new functionality of the Platform model.

EXPECTED OUTCOME

- · The list of project participants has been expanded
- The target blockchain technology for the implementation of the Platform has been agreed upon
- The second stage of testing was conducted with the project participants on the new functionality of the Platform model
- Proposals have been prepared for the governments of the BRICS countries/regulatory authorities on the implementation of the Platform

